

ANTICORROSIVE EPOXY PRIMER 1:1

Printing: 29/09/2021

Date of compilation: 26/06/2011

Revised: 2/10/2020

Version: 6 (Replaced 5)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product identifier: ANTICORROSIVE EPOXY PRIMER 1:1

Other means of identification: Non-applicable

1.2 Recommended uses and any restrictions on use or supply:

Relevant uses: Car repair; base for coatings. For professional users only.

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

1.3 Supplier's details:

Spray Shop Supplies Pty Ltd
38 Cyber Loop, Dandenong South,
Victoria, Australia.

Phone.: +61 3 9799 2007

Fax: +61 9799 6568

orders@sprayshopsupplies.com.au

www.sprayshopsupplies.com.au

1.4 Emergency telephone number: (8:00-16:00)+61 3 9799 2007

SECTION 2: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.:

This product was classified in accordance with Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 3, H412

Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity, Category 2, H351

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage, Category 1, H318

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315

Skin Sens. 1: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1, H317

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity if swallowed, repeated exposure, Category 2, H373

STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335

2.2 Label elements, including precautionary statements:

Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.:

Danger



Hazard statements:

Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Carc. 2: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements:

SECTION 2: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION (continued)

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P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
 P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.
 P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
 P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
 P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 P308+P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
 P370+P378: In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to put it out.
 P501: Dispose of contents and / or containers in accordance with regulations on hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively.

Substances that contribute to the classification reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) (700 < MW < 1100)
 (10 - <25 %); Xylene (10 - <25 %); butan-1-ol (2,5 - <5 %
); Ethylbenzene (1 - <2,5 %)

2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification:

Non-applicable

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances:

Non-applicable

3.2 Mixtures:

Chemical description: Mixture composed of chemical products

Components:

In accordance with Part B: Concentration cut-offs for ingredients in mixtures for purpose of section 3 of Consolidated Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017, the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: 25068-38-6	reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) (700 < MW < 1100) Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Warning	10 - <25 %
CAS: 1330-20-7	Xylene Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	10 - <25 %
CAS: 13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm) Carc. 2: H351 - Warning	10 - <25 %
CAS: 1330-20-7	Xylene Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Warning	5 - <10 %
CAS: 71-36-3	butan-1-ol Acute Tox. 4: H302; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H335; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	2,5 - <5 %
CAS: 100-41-4	Ethylbenzene Acute Tox. 4: H332; Carc. 2: H351; Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Danger	1 - <2,5 %
CAS: 7779-90-0	trizinc bis(orthophosphate) Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Warning	1 - <2,5 %
CAS: 1314-13-2	zinc oxide Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Warning	<1 %
CAS: 162627-17-0	Fatty acids, C18, unsatd., dimers, reaction products with N,N-dimethyl-1,3- propanediamine and 1,3-propanediamine Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Warning	<1 %

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 First aid instructions according to each relevant route of exposure;:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product. **By inhalation:**

SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES (continued)

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Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance. **By skin contact:**

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection. **By eye contact:**

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of medical attention and its urgency:

Non-applicable

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Information on the appropriate type of extinguishers or fire-fighting agents:

Appropriate type of extinguishers or fire-fighting agents:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO₂).

Inappropriate type of extinguishers or fire-fighting agents:

IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2 Advice on specific hazards that may arise from the substance:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) **Additional provisions:**

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8).

Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

For emergency responders:

See section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions from accidental spills and release;:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (continued)

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6.3 Advice on how to contain and clean up a spill or release: It is

recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections: See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling: A.-

Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.: 15 °C

Maximum Temp.: 25 °C

Maximum time: 12 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Occupational exposure limits:

Substances whose workplace exposure standards (WES) have to be monitored in the work environment:

Workplace exposure standards (WES) and biological exposure indices, Edition 12-1:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	TWA	50 ppm	217 mg/m ³
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	STEL		
	TWA		10 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm) CAS: 13463-67-7	STEL		
	TWA	50 ppm	217 mg/m ³
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	STEL		
	TWA	50 ppm	150 mg/m ³
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3	STEL	50 ppm	150 mg/m ³
	TWA	100 ppm	434 mg/m ³
Ethylbenzene			

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Workplace exposure standards (WES) and biological exposure indices, Edition 12-1:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
CAS: 100-41-4	STEL	125 ppm	543 mg/m ³
zinc oxide CAS: 1314-13-2	TWA		0.1 mg/m ³
	STEL		0.5 mg/m ³



8.2 Engineering controls:

A.- Identification of the specific types of personal protective equipment


As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protection Equipment. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection


Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours (Filter type: A)	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.
 Compulsory use of face mask	Filter mask for particles (Filter type: FFP3)	Replace when an increase in resistance to breathing is observed.

C.- Specific protection for the hands



Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves (Material: Nitrile, Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.4 mm)	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin.

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Panoramic glasses against splash/projections.	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Bodily protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

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9.2 Other information:

Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Explosive properties: Non-applicable *

Oxidising properties: Non-applicable * Corrosive to metals: Non-applicable

* Heat of combustion: Non-applicable *

Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable Non-applicable * components:

Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension at 20 °C: Non-applicable *

Refraction index: Non-applicable *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Chemical reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 List of conditions to avoid or prevent a hazardous situation: Applicable

for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.5 Information on incompatible substances or materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Inf

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available **Dangerous**

health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure: A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

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- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
- Contact with the eyes: Produces serious eye damage after contact.

D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Exposure to this product can cause cancer. For more specific information on the possible health effects see section 2.

IARC: Ethylbenzene (2B); Xylene (3); Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$) (2B); Carbon black (2B); Talc (3);

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (3); Xylene (3); Toluene (3); Quartz (1 % < RCS < 10%) (1)

- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3. E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.

- Cutaneous: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis. F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3. H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3. **Other information:**

CAS 13463-67-7 Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$): The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures in powder form containing 1 % or more of titanium dioxide which is in the form of or incorporated in particles with aerodynamic diameter $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) (700 < MW < 1100) CAS: 25068-38-6	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L (4 h)	
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	LD50 oral	3500 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	15354 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	17.2 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi)	
Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$) CAS: 13463-67-7	LD50 oral	10000 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	10000 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L (4 h)	
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi)	

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
trizinc bis(orthophosphate) CAS: 7779-90-0	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L (4 h)	
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3	LD50 oral	500 mg/kg (ATEi)	
	LD50 dermal	3400 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	24.66 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
zinc oxide CAS: 1314-13-2	LD50 oral	7950 mg/kg	Mouse
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L	
Fatty acids, C18, unsatd., dimers, reaction products with N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine and 1,3-propanediamine CAS: 162627-17-0	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

12.1 Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial):

Acute toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	LC50	>10 - 100 (96 h)		Fish
	EC50	>10 - 100 (48 h)		Crustacean
	EC50	>10 - 100 (72 h)		Algae
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3	LC50	1740 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	1983 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	500 mg/L (96 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	LC50	42.3 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	75 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	63 mg/L (3 h)	Chlorella vulgaris	Algae
trizinc bis(orthophosphate) CAS: 7779-90-0	LC50	>0.1 - 1 (96 h)		Fish
	EC50	>0.1 - 1 (48 h)		Crustacean
	EC50	>0.1 - 1 (72 h)		Algae
zinc oxide CAS: 1314-13-2	LC50	0.82 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus kisutch	Fish
	EC50	3.4 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	Non-applicable		

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Chronic toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
	NOEC			
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) (700 < MW < 1100) CAS: 25068-38-6	NOEC	Non-applicable		
	NOEC	0.3 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	NOEC	1.3 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	NOEC	1.17 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	NOEC	1.3 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	NOEC	1.17 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3	NOEC	Non-applicable		
	NOEC	4.1 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	NOEC	Non-applicable		
	NOEC	0.96 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
zinc oxide CAS: 1314-13-2	NOEC	0.44 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	NOEC	0.031 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) (700 < MW < 1100) CAS: 25068-38-6	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	0 %
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3	BOD5	1.71 g O2/g	Concentration	Non-applicable
	COD	2.46 g O2/g	Period	19 days
	BOD5/COD	0.7	% Biodegradable	98 %
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	90 %

12.3 Potential to be bioaccumulative:

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

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Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) (700 < MW < 1100) CAS: 25068-38-6	BCF	4
	Pow Log	2.8
	Potential	Low
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	BCF	9
	Pow Log	2.77
	Potential	Low
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	BCF	9
	Pow Log	2.77
	Potential	Low
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3	BCF	1
	Pow Log	0.88
	Potential	Low
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	BCF	1
	Pow Log	3.15
	Potential	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	Koc	202	Henry	524.86 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	Koc	202	Henry	524.86 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3	Koc	2.44	Henry	5.39E-2 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.567E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	Koc	520	Henry	798.44 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.859E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: Non-applicable

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

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13.1 Appropriate and achievable disposal methods:

Special precautions to be taken during disposal:

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations. In case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as nondangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See epigraph 6.2. **Regulations related to waste management:**

Legislation related to waste management:

Consolidated Imports and Exports (Restrictions) Prohibition Order (No 2) 2004
Consolidated Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to NZS 5433.1:2012 Transport of dangerous goods on land

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



14.1 UN number: UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT
14.3 UN dangerous goods class and subsidiary risk: 3
Labels: 3
14.4 UN Packing Group: III
14.5 Environmental hazards: No
14.6 Special precautions for user
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9 Non-applicable
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 39-18:



14.1 UN number: UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT
14.3 UN dangerous goods class and subsidiary risk: 3
Labels: 3
14.4 UN Packing Group: III
14.5 Marine pollutant: No
14.6 Special precautions for user
Special regulations: No
EmS Codes:
Physico-Chemical properties: 223, 955, 163, 367
Limited quantities: F-E, S-E see section 9
Segregation group:
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: 5 L
Non-applicable
Non-applicable

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Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2021:



14.1 UN number:	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name:	PAINT
14.3 UN dangerous goods class and subsidiary risk: Labels:	3
14.4 UN Packing Group:	3
14.5 Environmental hazards:	III
14.6 Special precautions for user	No
Physico-Chemical properties:	
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:	see section 9 Non-applicable

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question: Substances

listed in the Montreal Protocol: Non-applicable

Substances listed in the Stockholm Convention: Non-applicable

Substances listed in the Rotterdam Convention: Non-applicable

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

Relevant regulatory requirements:

Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017

Health and Safety at Work Act 2015

Consolidated Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017

Consolidated Hazardous Substances (Packaging) Notice 2017

Consolidated Hazardous Substances (Hazardous Property Controls) Notice 2017

Consolidated Hazardous Substances (Importers and Manufacturers) Notice 2015

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with Schedule: Content and format of safety data sheets (clause 7) of Consolidated Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017 **Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:**

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.:

Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

Aquatic Acute 1: H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Carc. 2: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer (Inhalation).

Carc. 2: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product. **Principal bibliographical sources:** <https://www.epa.govt.nz/>

Abbreviations and acronyms:

HSNO Act: Hazardous substances and new organisms Act

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor

LD50: Lethal Dose 50

CL50: Lethal Concentration 50

EC50: Effective concentration 50

Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient

Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION
(continued)

Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon
IARC: International Agency for Research on
Cancer **Other information:**
GROUP STANDARD
HSR002662

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET